## Alberta





## Water Shortage in Alberta

AEMA Stakeholder Summit November 30, 2015

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### Outline

- Overview
- Water Modelling, Monitoring and Forecasting
- AEP Water Shortage Procedures for the SSRB
- Other Water Shortage Strategies







### **WATER ACT**

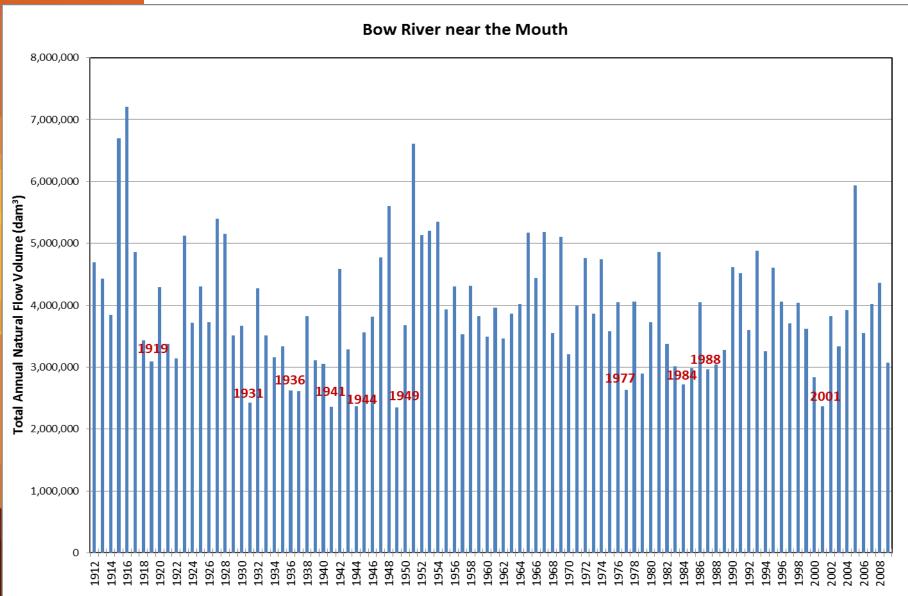
- Prior Allocation (First in Time, First in Right)
- Section 32 (1) of the Water Act
  - If there is a dispute with respect to the order in which water is to be diverted, the Director may administer priorities within a water management area



### Lead up to a Water Shortage

- A water shortage usually starts slowly and builds over time
- Management of water escalates with the duration and intensity of a water shortage
- Sound management is necessary to mitigate severity of impacts to water users
- Working in collaboration critical to promote water sharing and conservation through Water Act Assignments and Transfers
- Department responsible for administering the priority system





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## Water Modeling, Monitoring and Forecasting

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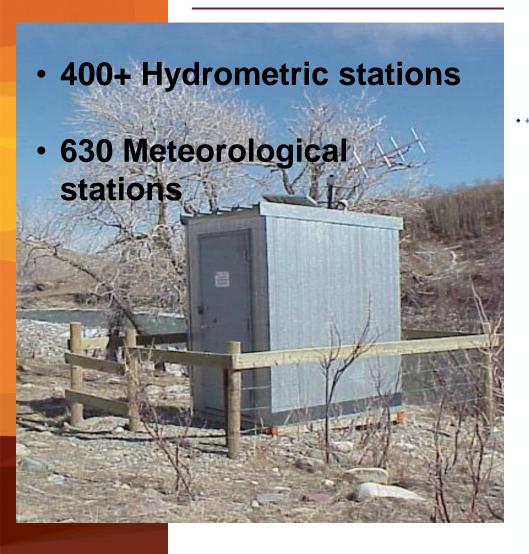
## Modeling, Prediction, and Warning Systems

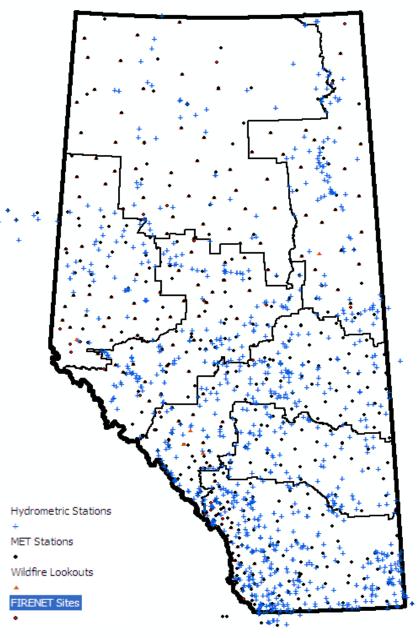


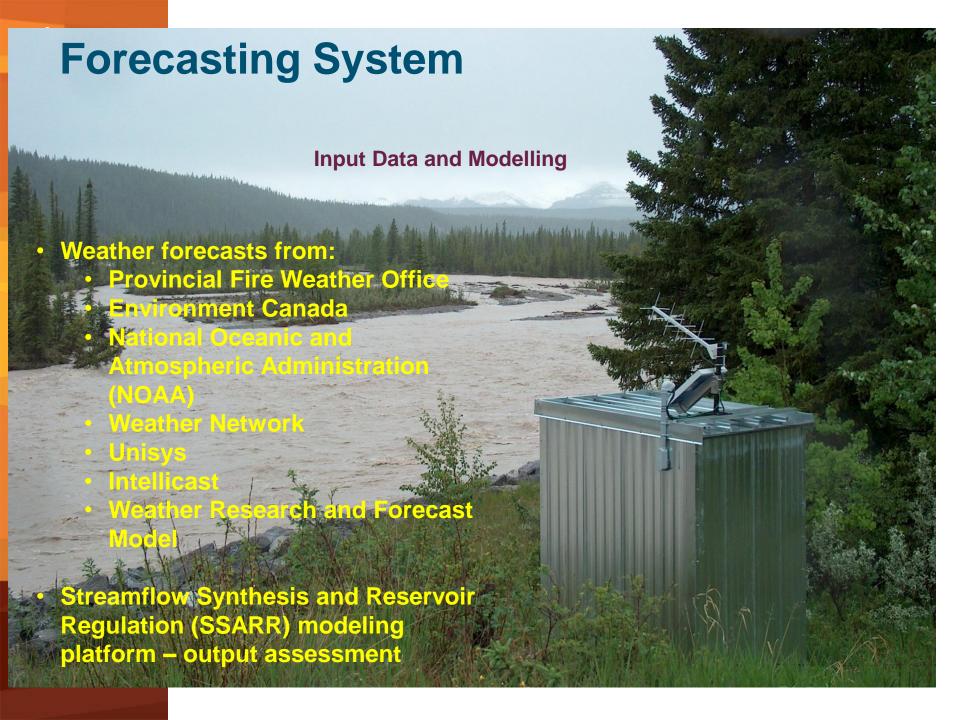
- Primary declining river flow concerns are caused by:
  - Below average precipitation
    - Below average snow pack
    - Below average soil moisture
    - Above average seasonal temperatures
    - Increased water withdrawals
- Open water forecasting period: midmid-March to mid-October
- 24 x 7 operations to provide forecasting services during extreme flow events
  - Critical period for extreme flow events: mid-May to mid-July



## Monitoring System







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# AEP Water Shortage Procedures for the South Saskatchewan River Basin



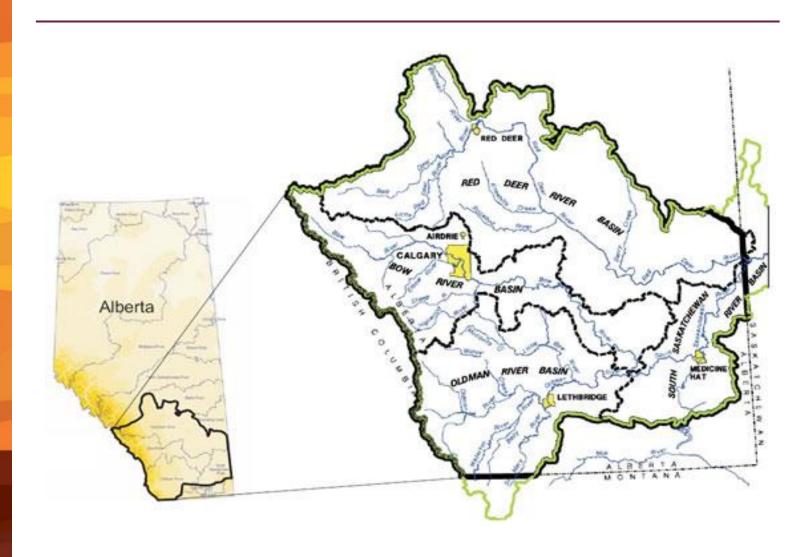
## **AEP Water Shortage Procedures** for SSRB

- Water shortage response is broken into 5 stages
- Provide consistent procedures for a response to water shortage
- Water users can understand when and how AEP will respond during a shortage





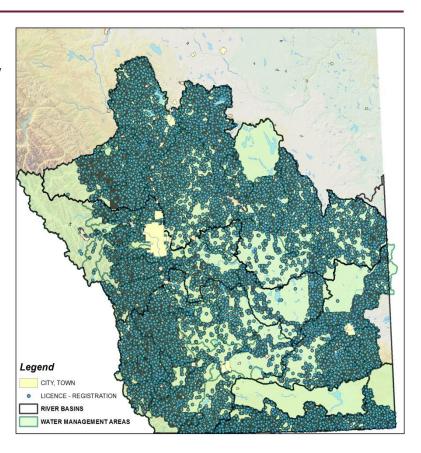
### South Saskatchewan River Basin





### **Assessing Priority**

- Identify Licences and Registrations by priority number
- Determine those licences with minimum flow restrictions (WCO, IO, etc.)
- Exercise use of automated water management tools





## Stage 1 – Observation and Preparedness

#### Stage 1 occurs when:

- Rate of flow is less than median
- Water Supply Outlook indicates potential water shortages
- Water users are able to divert, however, there is an elevated risk
- Instream objectives or WCOs not being met.



### **Stage 1 – Management Response**

- Determine impact on water users
- Based on ICS, form a shortage committee
- Monitor stream flows
- Calculate all diversions in affected area
- Compare diversion and flow requirement to predicted natural flow
- Assess fish population



## Stage 2 – Active Management Begins

#### Stage 2:

- Public contact phase begins
- Stream flows below instream objective
- Stress conditions for fish populations



## Stage 2 – AEP Management Response

- Implement a communications plan
- Inspect licensed projects
- Confirm list of water users
- Promote water conservation measures
- Suspend or cancel temporary diversion licences
- Work with Transboundary re apportionment
- Angling advisories and angling closures



## Stage 3 – Priority Call Assessment and Administration of Priority

#### Stage 3 occurs when:

- Conditions degrade in the affected water management area from Stage 2
- The department received a priority call from a water user
- An apportionment agreement may not be met.



## Stage 3 – AEP Management Response

#### **Priority Call Assessment**

- Determine whether administering priority will remedy a dispute over a priority call
- Have alternatives like water conservation and storage been exhausted

#### **Administration of Priority**

- Water Management Orders issued
- Agreements to assign water
- Cut off date based on supply and demand
- Angling advisories and closures



## Stage 4 – Multiple Water Management Areas

#### Stage 4 occurs when:

- Multiple water management areas impacted
- A significant number of water users are impacted and are unable to divert water
- Water shortage persists



## Stage 4 – AEP Management Response

- Responses additive from Stages 2 and 3
- Manage department owned works
- Expand scope of advice
- Conscript staff



## Stage 5 – Declaring an Emergency under the Water Act

#### Stage 5 is considered when:

- Elevated risk to human health and safety
- Elevated stress on the health of the aquatic environment
- Water Shortage Response Plans implemented
- Temporary transfers or assignments implemented
- Unable to address the extent and magnitude of the water shortage.

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### Other Water Shortage Strategies





### Communication



- Alberta River Basin Mobile App
   http://www.programs.alberta.ca/16905.aspx#ad-image-0
- Alberta's River Basins website http://www.environment.alberta.ca/apps/basins/
- Fact Sheet Alberta's Water Priority System <a href="http://esrd.alberta.ca/water/education-guidelines/documents/AlbertasWaterPrioritySystem-FactSheet.pdf">http://esrd.alberta.ca/water/education-guidelines/documents/AlbertasWaterPrioritySystem-FactSheet.pdf</a>



### Water Shortage Response Plans

## **Guidance document "Preparing Water Shortage Response Plans"**

http://esrd.alberta.ca/forms-mapsservices/directives/documents/PreparingWaterShortage Response-Apr23-2014A.pdf

#### Water Shortage Response Plans

- develop full appreciation of risk to the intended purpose of water use
- opportunities are considered and analyzed in advance
- sustainable during water shortage periods
- an operating plan recognized as a term and condition of the licence



### **Strategies for Licence Holders**

#### **Demand Reduction**

- Water Conservation methods (water restrictions, bylaws, etc.)
- Social Media (drought shaming, grasshole)

#### **Supply Augmentation**

- Water Act Assignments
- Water Act Transfer secure a more senior priority
- Storage



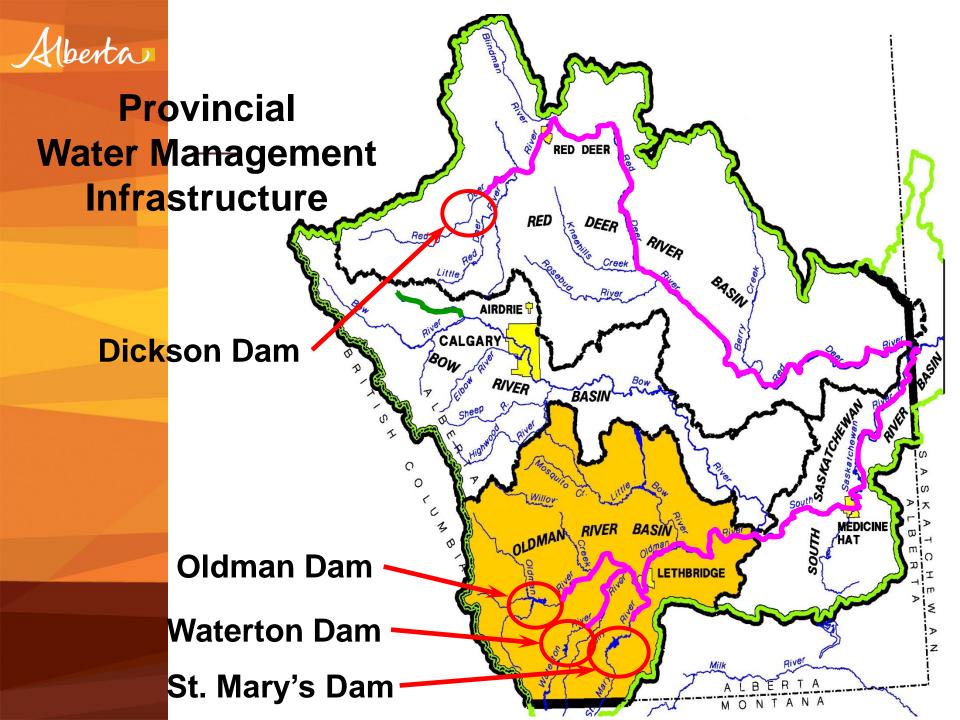
## **Nevada Water Authority**





## **Reservoir Operations**







### Tools

- Automated water management tool
- Real time water use information
- Enhance daily low flow forecasting capability
- Develop a low flow alert system
- Develop a water shortage advisory system
- Consideration for a real-time allocation modelling

