

Traceability in Alberta

Traceability and the goat industry

Three fundamental pillars

Traceability is a crucial component of an effective animal health and food safety system that enables precise and rapid emergency response to protect livestock, producers and consumers.

Determining where livestock are, where they have been and what other livestock they have come into contact with allows for efficient emergency planning and response. Traceability in Alberta relies on the three fundamental pillars of premises identification, animal identification and animal movement.

Applicable Traceability Legislation and Regulations:

- [Animal Health Act \(Alberta\)](#)
- [Premises Identification Regulation \(Alberta\)](#)

Premises Identification

Premises Identification (PID), one of the three traceability pillars, is a way of linking livestock and poultry to land locations.

The information collected through the Alberta Agriculture and Forestry (AF) Premises Identification System allows industry and government to locate animals more quickly and accurately to confine a disease outbreak or emergency such as a flood or fire.

Animal owners can be notified if an emergency might affect their animals and operation but this can only be accomplished if land locations are registered in the Premises Identification System.

Under Alberta's Premises Identification Regulation, if you own a livestock animal or poultry, and that animal is kept at a premises other than a commingling site (e.g. stable), you need to apply for a PID Account and obtain at least one PID Number associated to where the animal(s) are located. You must apply for a PID Account within 30 days of assuming ownership of an animal. Apply or update by [PID paper application](#) or online.

Premises Identification (PID)

To apply for a Premises Identification (PID) Account or to access / update: [Click here](#)

If you own an animal that is only kept at locations controlled by someone else (e.g. stable) and that animal will never be kept at a premises under your care and control (e.g. farm or acreage), you are not required to register for a PID Account. However, you will need to obtain the PID Number from the operator of the site.

Although only the primary agricultural operation (e.g. home quarter) needs to be registered in the PID System, registering other locations that are not connected to the home quarter will ensure that your operation is better protected.

Although you may view your livestock as a pet or companion animal, it is important to obtain a PID Account because your animal can still receive and / or transmit diseases. To find out the species of animals included under the [Premises Identification Regulation \(Alberta\)](#).

Even if you only own one animal, it is still necessary to obtain a PID Account.

If you operate a commingling site (e.g. stable, community pasture, fair ground, etc.), you are required to obtain a PID Account, register all your commingling sites and provide the PID Number(s) to the users of your site(s). You must apply for a PID Account within 30 days of assuming ownership or operation of a commingling site.

Registering your premises is one of the best ways to safeguard your animals and it's free. It is important that you keep your information up to date and you must report account changes within 30 days. For example, this would include changes in account contact information, maximum capacity of the premises and contact information for emergencies. If the PID System does not contain accurate and up-to-date information, the emergency response might be delayed.

Animal owners will need to have a PID Number to:

- Buy medication for your animals at retail outlets (this requirement took effect on July 1, 2014 as part of amendments to the Animal Health Act)
- Complete movement documents such as manifest and permits, if required, when transporting your animals.
- Sell livestock at auction markets
- Apply for many government sponsored agriculture grants and programs

For additional information on the Alberta PID Program: Call the Alberta Ag Info Centre toll-free at 310-FARM (3276)

Important note: Information must be kept up to date so that you can be contacted quickly in the event of an emergency.

Animal Identification

Animal Identification, for goats, is the ability to identify individual animals. Animal identification works with the other pillars of traceability, premises

identification and animal movement, to track where animals have been transported and when. Animal

identification helps industry and government locate animals to confine a disease outbreak more quickly and accurately.

The [Canadian National Goat Federation](#) (CNGF) is working with other commodity groups, as well as federal and provincial governments, to establish the standards and policies that will eventually support the [National Goat Identification Program](#). A CNGF tag trial is currently underway and the information collected will be valuable when developing the national program. To learn more about proper tagging procedures, please click here to view [goat tagging videos](#). For information on the national goat identification program or to order tags, please visit www.cangoats.ca or call 1-888-839-4271.

Animal Movement

There are pre-approved goat indicators that can either be applied to the ear, tail or leg. The purchase and application is voluntary at this time. Currently there are no national identification requirements for goats.

Please check with the Canadian National Goat Federation if you have questions about importing / exporting goats.

For more information on movement recording, please contact the [Canadian National Goat Federation](#) at 1-888-839-4271.

As an important member of the goat industry, you play a key role in the traceability system for livestock in Alberta and Canada.

Accurate and current information supporting premises identification, animal identification and movement is crucial to a robust traceability system.

Please take care to ensure that information associated with your animals is accurate and that information supporting traceability is documented.

