

Traceability in Alberta

Traceability and the cervid industry

Three fundamental pillars

Traceability is a crucial component of an effective animal health and food safety system that enables precise and rapid emergency response to protect livestock, producers and consumers.

Determining where livestock are, where they have been and what other livestock they have come into contact with allows for efficient emergency planning and response. Traceability in Alberta relies on the three fundamental pillars of premises identification, animal identification and animal movement.

Applicable Traceability Legislation and Regulations:

- [Animal Health Act \(Alberta\)](#)
- [Premises Identification Regulation \(Alberta\)](#)
- [Livestock Industry Diversification Act \(Alberta\)](#)
- [Domestic Cervid Industry Regulation \(Alberta\)](#)

Premises Identification

Premises Identification (PID), one of the three traceability pillars, is a way of linking livestock and poultry to land locations.

The information collected through the Alberta Agriculture and Forestry (AF) Premises Identification System allows industry and government to locate animals more quickly and accurately to confine a disease outbreak or emergency such as a flood or fire.

Animal owners can be notified if an emergency might affect their animals and operation but this can only be accomplished if land locations are registered in the Premises Identification System.

Under Alberta's Premises Identification Regulation, if you own a livestock animal or poultry, and that animal is kept at a premises other than a commingling site (e.g. stable), you need to apply for a PID Account and obtain at least one PID Number associated to where the animal(s) are located. You must apply for a PID Account within 30 days of assuming ownership of an animal. Apply or update by [PID paper application](#) or online.

Premises Identification (PID)

To apply for a Premises Identification (PID) Account or to access / update: [Click here](#)

If you own an animal that is only kept at locations controlled by someone else (e.g. stable) and that animal will never be kept at a premises under your care and control (e.g. farm or acreage), you are not required to register for a PID Account. However, you will need to obtain the PID Number from the operator of the site.

Although only the primary agricultural operation (e.g. home quarter) needs to be registered in the PID System, registering other locations that are not connected to the home quarter will ensure that your operation is better protected.

Although you may view your livestock as a pet or companion animal, it is important to obtain a PID Account because your animal can still receive and / or transmit diseases. To find out the species of animals included under the regulation, [click here](#).

Even if you only own one animal, it is still necessary to obtain a PID Account.

If you operate a commingling site (e.g. stable, community pasture, fair ground, etc.), you are required to obtain a PID Account, register all your commingling sites and provide the PID Number(s) to the users of your site(s). You must apply for a PID Account within 30 days of assuming ownership or operation of a commingling site.

Registering your premises is one of the best ways to safeguard your animals and it's free. It is important that you keep your information up to date and you must report account changes within 30 days. For example, this would include changes in account contact information, maximum capacity of the premises and contact information for emergencies. If the PID System does not contain accurate and up-to-date information, the emergency response might be delayed.

Animal owners will need to have a PID Number to:

- Buy medication for your animals at retail outlets (this requirement took effect on July 1, 2014 as part of amendments to the Animal Health Act)
- Complete movement documents such as manifest and permits, if required, when transporting your animals.
- Sell livestock at auction markets
- Apply for many government sponsored agriculture grants and programs

For additional information on the Alberta PID Program: Call the Alberta Ag Info Centre toll-free at 310-FARM (3276)

Important note: Information must be kept up to date so that you can be contacted quickly in the event of an emergency.

Animal Identification

The Cervid Industry Traceability Initiative (CITI) has been undertaken by the Canadian Cervid Alliance to access the current needs of the farmed cervid industry for traceability tools and systems to assess

the capabilities of current systems and develop a National Strategy and Action Plan.

In Alberta, you are required to double tag all cervids with approved indicators in accordance to regulation and outlined in the Domestic Cervid [Directives and Procedures Manual](#) and follow all reporting requirements.

Animal Movement

The Cervid Farming System (CFS) tracks elk, deer and moose on Cervid farms across Alberta. Alberta Cervid producers are required by law to report farm information to Alberta Agriculture and Forestry. This new system allows you (or an authorized representative) to access, record and register farm data with the provincial government using the Internet. The site is also secure for making on-line transactions.

Registered users

[Log on to Cervid Farming System](#)

To register, contact Janice Wilson at Alberta Agriculture and Forestry's Inspection and Investigation Section for a user name and password. Call this TOLL-FREE number 310-0000, and then enter 780-422-1472.